THE ROCKY ROAD TO OFFICE

EDITORS NOT DEBARRED AFTER ALL.

REPRESENTATIVES JEALOUS OF THE SENATORS PATRONAGE-DIFFICULTIES ARISING FROM THE RULE AGAINST EX-OFFICE-HOLDERS.

IBT TEL EGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, March 13.-The way of the officepapers 1" asked a Democratic Congressman of a Trib-une correspondent to-day.

une correspondent to-day.

"Why do you ask!"

"Why! Well, I have not had time to do so and I am curious to know whether President Cleveland has decided that any other classes of the American people except ex-office-holders and newspaper editors are not eligible to office under this Administration, I do not care to waste my time and influence in behalf of men who are to be excluded from the privilege of men was are to be a state of the profession to which they belong or the business or occupation in which they be engaged."

The report which was published to the effect that no editors would be appointed to office has disturbed ocratic Congressmen more deeply, perhaps, than he proclamation against ex-office-holders, because if the policy should be adopted, it would not only sap their political influence in their respective districts, would also prevent them from redeeming pledges made and which they are auxious to fulfil. a deeply disturbed were Mr. Dockery and several Missouri Democrats by the report that they upon the President and several members of me Cabinet to-day to ascertain whether or not it was rue. It is understood that the Postmaster-General plormed them that if such a policy had been or was to be adopted, he had not been advised of the fact; but that, of course, the rule that had been prescribed m regard to postoffice appointments—which will require all postmasters at first-class, second-class and third-class offices, as well as at other postoffices where the interests of the public service require it, to de vote their whole time to the duties of their respecoffices, will be enforced as to newspaper editor the same as to persons engaged in other professions or occupations. In other words, the country editor must cease to be an editor when he becomes a post-

under this Administration. Missouri statesmen were not wholly satisfied with Mr. Eissell's assurances, apparently, for they proceeded in a body to the White House and saw President Cleveland in regard to the matter. He assured them that the report which had caused them so much disquiet was destitute of foundation, and that no distinction whatever would be made so far as applicants for office were concerned between edihod-carriers, lawyers, merchants or others; in a word, he had never entertained the thought of making any discrimination against newspaper editors, Of course this was good news for the Missourians, and they retired with light hearts and happy faces. It was also good news for Representative Caruth, of Kentucky, whose brother is the editor of a Demo-cratic newspaper at Little Rock, Ark., and also an applicant for the postmastership of that town.

The elimination of ex-officeholders from the list of

eligible candidates has begun to provoke dissatisfaction among Democratic Congressmen, as it had already done among the applicants themselves. This seems to be mainly due to two causes which were set forth to-day by a prominent Representative as follows:

"The first objection to this rule, and it is a strong one, is in its application to what may be called local officers, especially postmasters. Now, in my district there are a number of Presidential postoffices, and a considerable number of others which are nearly up to that grade. A good many of the postmasters who were appointed by President Cleveland during his first dministration and who were replaced by Republicans upon the expiration of their respective terms of office are candidates for reappointment. Most of them gave general satisfaction while in office before, and at least a dozen of them have petitions signed by a large majority of the Democratic patrons of the respective

offices recommending their reappointment." "Perhaps the President may regard these as ex-ceptional cases, and reappoint the old officials," suggested The Tribune correspondent.

gested The Tribune correspondent.

"Ah, yes; and that is, after all, the strengest objection to the rule," was the reply. The Congressman continued: "Suppose that two or three of the old men are reinstated. What will the others say! Why, they will begin by accusing me of favorit ism, and of exerting more influence in favor of one than in behalf of another. If I can have Mr. A. or Mr. D. reappointed, why can I not secure the reappointment of Mr. B. and Mr. C. and Mr. E. and all the others who are equally worthy and capable! If all are not treated alike I shall have to suffer the consequences. Then, take other offices not local -may foreign missions, consulships, burena offices in Washington, etc. The Senators and Representatives from my State ask that one of these places be filled by the appointment of a man who held that or some other office under Mr. Cleveland's first Administration. other office under Mr. Cevennus and and efficiently.

and who discharged his duties faithfully and efficiently.

Suppose he is not appointed, and then suppose that some other ex-office-holder is appointed to one of those places on the recommendation of the Senator and Pepresentatives from another State. Do you not see that our man will hold us as well as the President responsible for his failure; that we will be brought into contempt among our own people on account of our lack of influence, and that the President will be held guilty of unjust discrimination against our candidate, who may be equally worthy

down must be enforced against every man who held office during his first Administration-no matter how exalted or humble the office-or the consequences will be deplorable to the Democratic party. The rule is not one which will admit of any exceptions whatever. The scramble of the office-seekers has already ex-cited jealousy and ill feeling among Democratic sena-tors and Representatives from the same State in a number of cases, and a number of abortive "conferences" have been held and efforts made to reconcile conflicting claims. Democratic Representatives from several States loudly complain that the Senators are demanding the lion's share of the spoils and they are fearful that the demands will be granted on account of President Cleveland's anxiety to place Democratic ors under such obligations that they will not be free to reject any of his nominations or oppose any ticy which he may desire to carry out with the aid of the legislative branch of the Government. The Demcratic majority in the Senate is a slim one at best and past experience has shown that "senatorial couris a powerful factor, even as against Administra-

The Democratic majority in the House of Representaives a large one, and Democratic members of the latter body whose political fature will depend upon the result of next year's elections, naturally feel anxious to have all the help possible from the Administrative members and the feet of the fe tration. Some of them have not yet forgotten the fate which overtook Representative Sowden, of Pennsylvania, who was rash enough to vote against the Milis bill in the Lth Congress. His bill for a new public building at Allentown was promptly vetoed by President Cleveland, and the friends of the Administration with one accord shouted: "There's an Allentown for very Sowden." Mr. Sowden was retired to private

life, where he still remains. The Democratic Representative cannot afford to be is independent as the Democratic Senator, and both calize the fact, especially the former, who is now

is that this state of affairs does not cent the termony or ameliorate the difficulties which beset the freident and members of his Cabinet.

There are numerous plums—chieny small ones, however—which Democratic Representatives claim as their companies. The properties of the fourth class, "Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class," Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class, "Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class," Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class, "Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class," Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class, "Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class," Has Maxwell the properties of the fourth class, "Has Maxwell the motion of the fourth class," The Batavia Statesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last six Matesman is in great request. During the last postmanter of the properties and the fourth class of the fourth of the properties of the fourth class of the fourth of the fourth of the fourth class of the fourth of

What is Drudgery? Washington, March 13.—The Treasury Department son Co., 152 and 154 Franklin-st., New-York, continues to receive offers of gold from the West in continues to receive offers of which there is a present Sole Agents," on every bottle, Without GOLD DUST

are after postofices, and the applicants for places as clerks, mechanics, watchmen, messengers and laborers in the Government service are numbered by hundreds. "When one of them finds that he cannot get a place as messenger or watchman right away, he strikes one for a dolar to pay his way home." said a Representative from one of these nearby districts. He added: "Before I had dressed this morning five men were at my house after offices. Two of them wanted to be appointed collector of internal revenue for the same district." Mr. Compton represents a Maryland district which adjoins the District of Columbia. He was a member of the Appropriations Committee during the Lifd Congress. Within a space of an hour and a half to-day as many as eighteen of his Democratic constituants came to the room of that committee, and each one asked: "18 Mr. Compton in?" A negative reply was followed by the question: "Has he been here to-day?" or, "Do you know whether he will come?" or, "Can you tell me where I will be fliely to find him?" About one-third of these anxious and hungry inquirers remarked that they had called at Mr. Compton's residence before seeking him at the Capitol. This incident conveys a faint idea of what the Democratic Congressman who represents a district within easy reach of Washington has to undergo these days.

The appointment of Mr. Carlisle as Secretary of the Treasury has naturally been followed by a strong pressure from Kentucky for places in the Treasury Department. That State already has three candidates in the field for Commissioner of Internal Revenue, one for Fifth Auditor. It ought not to be inferred that there are no Kentucky applicants for places in other branches of the public service; quite the contrary is the case. Indeed, so numerous are the candidates flat the remark of a cymeal New-York Democrat to-day seemed fairly just. He said:

"President Cleveland could fill every office in his gift with a Kentucky colonel, and not be obliged to order a draft, either."

VOORHIS MEN IN A FEVER OF ANXIETY. The Executive Committee of the New-York Democracy held a meeting at the old Voothis headquarters in Ablagdon Square last evening. In the absence of Police Justice John R. Voorhis not much business was transacted. Mr. Voorhis, it was anunced, had gone to Washington. The object of his visit, it was known, was to prevail if possible on President Cleveland to "recognize" the Voochis Deno racy in the distribution of Federal stolls pertaining to New York. "The Jedge" has a schedule with him showing exactly how many of the offices his organization is entitled to, and there was a feverish anxiety manifested at the meeting to hear the result of his mission. But up to a late hour the committee had received no news of "the Jedge's" success, but was still in session. "We hope to get word to hight from the Judge," said one of his disciples, "that things are going our way. He knows we are waiting

NEW QUARANTINE REGULATIONS. SECRETARY CARLISLE ISSUES THE ADDITIONAL IMMIGRATION RESTRICTIONS.

Washington, March 13 .- Secretary Carlisle to-day Issued the new regulations regarding the precautions observed in addmitting immigrants to the United States. The regulations contain seventeen articles, the first ten of which are substantially the same as the regulations now in force. Articles 11 to 15 inclusive are practically new, made to con-form to the new laws affecting immigration passed by the last Congress. Their most important points

Article 11 enacts that no vessel bringing immigrants from ports where contagious or infectious diseases are prevailing shall be admitted to entry unless it appear by the certificate of the consular officer at such port that said immigrants have been detained at the port of embarkation at least five days under medical observation in specially designated barracks or houses set apart for their exclusive us and that their clothing, bargage and personal effects have been disinfected before being placed on beard. These restrictions will also be applied to vessels bringing immigrants from non-infected ports.

but who came from infected places.

Article 12 requires that there shall be delivered to the Commissioner of Immigration at the port of as to each of said passengers substantially what is now required by existing law and these additional requirements. Whether the immigrant has pair his cwn passage or whether it has been paid by other persons, or by any corporation, society, municipality or government; whether he was ever in prison or almshous; or supported by charity; whether he is a polygamist; whether he is under contract, express or implied, to peform labor in the

United States.

Article 13 provides that such lists shall be ac companied by the foregoing interrogatories and answers thereto in the language of the immigrant. answers thereto in the language of the immigrant, which shall be signed by aim in the presence of the agent granting him transportation; and there shall be indersed thereon in the language of the immigrant a notice that, if upon his arrival in the trutted States it is found that such interrogatories have not been correctly answered, he will immediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required mediately be returned; also that he will be required by the scheme of seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority adopted the committees will be distributed as was pointed out a week ago, among the following seniority. a false oath will subject him to fine or imprison- Harris, Tennessee;

manifest shall contain more than thirty names

verified as aforesaid, containing the information are given to southern and but three to Northern above required as to all immigrants on board. there stall be paid to the collector of customs at

cierks are worn out with toil and loss of sleep, was discovered to-day. Among the items in the General Deficiency Appropriation bill was one of \$37,000 for the Eureau of Engraving and Printing. As this item was enrolled in the Deficiency act approved by President Harrison on March 3, and as it, of course, appears in printed copies of the act, it read as follows: "For salary of all necessary clerks and employes, other than plate printers and plate printers' assistants, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, \$37." This sum is \$36,063 less than the Treasury, \$37." This sum is \$56,063 less than Congress meant to appropriate, and less than the amount that is actually needed to continue necessary work in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing until July 1.

THEY WILL NOT RESTRICT THE SENATE'S WORK. Washington, March 13.-The fact that the Republicans are in the minority in the Senate was, as Mr. Manderson said, presented to them forcibly this morning. From that side of the chamber emanated a reso-lution restricting the work of the Senate during the extraordinary session. This was opposed by the Democrats, and especially by Mr. Cockrell, who declared that the majority was able to assume the re-sponsibilities and decide from day to day what its procedure should be. Although it was intimated that the Republicans feared their opponents would take some advantage of them during this session, Repub-Ilcan leaders denied that they had in view anything beyond a desire to stop debate on subjects entirely foreign to the business for which the Senate was called realize the fact, especially the former, who is the compelled to dance attendance upon the latter in the compelled to dance attendance upon the latter in the base of obtaining a few crumbs of "patronage" for lab hungry constituents. It is hardly necessary to his hungry constituents. It is hardly necessary to his hungry constituents. It is hardly necessary to his this state of affairs does not tend to promote cause their passage would be somewhat in the nature cause their passage wo

NO NOMINATIONS RECEIVED YESTERDAY. Washington, March 13.-No nominations were received by the Senate from the President at to-day's posed that they were withheld because they could not be acted upon until the Senate committees are appointed, so that there is no real delay caused by holding them at the White Hoss. The President will also have an opportunity to make changes in the list if need be.

Washington, March 13.—Senator Teller, of Colorado, has prepared a resolution, which he will offer in the Senate at the next meeting, expressing the sense of the Senate in favor of reconvening the International Monetary Conference at Brussels next summer, Senator Wushington, March 13.-Senator Teller, of Colorado, Monetary Conference at Brussels next summer, Senator Monetary Conference at Brussels next summer. Senator Teller says that he is satisfied that there has been a change of sentiment in Europe respecting the monetary question since the conference adjourned. He finds evidence of this change in debates in Parliament and in contributions to the leading financial papers of the world. The resolution which Mr. Teller proposes to offer he says would not be exceptionable under the practice touching proper business which the Senate is likely to follow.

MORE OFFERS OF GOLD FROM THE WEST.

The pen may be mightier than the sword, but neither is of much value without the holder, and no eigarette is satisfactory without the line tobacco used in the Old Dominion.

and increasing demand. Several of the offers of gold after they had been made had to be temporarily declined as it was found that the gold was of light weight and until those who offered it made up the deficiency in weight the Government could not a

THE SENATE CHAIRMANSHIPS.

THEY HAVE BEEN ALLOTTED BY THE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

MR. GORMAN GETS NO COMSPICUOUS HONORS PERHAPS HIS MODESTY HAD A POLITI-CAL FOUNDATION - HOW THE

HONORS ARE DIVIDED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, March 13.-The Democratic Senator will hold a cancus to-morrow to pass upon the work of Mr. Gorman's "steering committee" in reorganizing the committees of the Senate. It is likely that the lists as made up now will be accepted without much grumbling, for the "steering committee" seems to have recognized fully the fact that there can be but one sound and impartial basis for the distribution of committee honors—namely, seniority of service, found to do evident and conspicuous injustice to bu one prominent Democratic Senator, and by his gen

though perhaps not altogether uncalculating

self-effacement, the managers were enabled to apply

their long service method of promotion with thorough

interfered with by the seniority principle was Senato Gorman himself. For more than two years he has been the undisputed head of the Democratic party in the Senate. He was therefore entitled, in all fairness, to the most conspicuous honors in the committee reorganization now attempted. He had under the old arrangement the third place on the minority side of the Committee on Appropriations. He should either have been advanced to the chairmanship of that committee, or been put into one of the vayanches on the Finance Committee and at the head, besides, a committee of the second class. Mr. Cockrell stool in the way of his obtaining the Appropriations Com mittee chairmanship, and the ambitions of others embarrassed his acceptance of one of the much-coveler Finance Committee vacancies. Mr. Gorman has at last apparently yielded the honors due to him to satisfy the demands of those less entitled to promotion. He is said to have accepted the two-peany chairmanship of the Committee on Printing, without other

But behind his modesty may be found, perhaps, good deal of p-litteal craftiness. It is not unlikely that he does not care to take a place on the Finance Committee, which is to revise the tariff and to try to settle the money question. Mr. Gorman may well fear to commit himself to the tartif policy, which the committee will be obliged to father, especially that pirt of it which deals with Maryland and West Vir-ginia iron and coal. He may foresce, too, nothing to the Commissioner of Immigration at the port of arrival lists of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as to each of such immigrants which shall state as the such immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrates the such immigrants which immigrates the such immigration which immigrates the such immigration which imm platform by voting for the free coinage of eliver. By avoiding personal responsibility or association with Finance Committee's work, Mr. Gorman is per-haps serving best his own objects, while giving collengues beneath him a chance for promotion. This, at least, is a not unsatisfactory explanation of the strict enforcement in his case of the seniority rule. The really important committees of the senare are

The really important committees of the senate are fifteen or sixteen in number, and rank in order about as follows. Finance, Appropriations, Fereign Rela-tions, Judiciary, Privileges and Elections, Commerce, Naval Affairs, Indian Affairs, District of Columbia, Lubia, Lands, Public Buildings and Grounds, Military Affairs, Pensions, Claims, Postoffices and Post Roads and Rules. By the scheme of seniority adopted the chairman-hip of these committees will be distributed, as was p-inted out a week ago, among the following

to make eath of the truth of such answer if it be Vance, North Carolina; Commerce, Ranson, North called for by the Commissioner of Immigration at Carolina, Naval Affairs, McFherson, New Jersey; In the port of arrival in the United States, and that dish Affoirs, Jones, Arkansas; District of Columbia, Public Lands, Berry, Arkansas; nent.

Article 14 provides that the immigrants shall be steed in convenient groups, and no one list or amifest shall contain more than tharty names. Article 15 provides that in case of the failure of the commanding officer of the vessel to deliver to the inspectar of immigration lists or manifests of the sixteen chairmanships of the first rank, thirteen

there stail be paid to the collector of customs at the port of arrival the sum of \$10 for each immigrant qualified to enter the United States concerning whom the above information is not contained in any list, as aforesaid, or said limitigant shall in any list, as aforesaid, or said limitigant shall not be permitted so to enter the United States, but shall be returned. like other excluded persons, these new regulations will go into effect May 3, 1803.

A EADLY MAIMFD AFFROPRIATION.

Washington, March 13 especialls—Another illustration of the delignated uncertainty which results from hasty legislation through conference committees in the expiring hours of a Congress, when enrolling clerks are worn out with toil and loss of sleep, was discovered to-day. Among the items in the General Deficiency Appropriation bill was one of \$37,000 for the Eugraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. As this item the Eugran of Engraving and Printing. The membership of but one committee, that o ponderance of representation.

NO MEXICAN GENERAL EXECUTED.

Washington, March 13 (Special).-The Mexican Legation here recently called the attention of the Mexi an Government to a dispatch from Phoenix, Ariz., dated February 7, purporting to convey the intelli-gence from Guaymas, Mexico, that General Joaquin Ures, commander of the third Mexican military zone had been executed by court-martial sentence in sonora. It was said to be for his lack of co-operation in the pursuit and capture of a band of Yaqui Indisus accused of cattle-stealing, which were under taken by some Guaymas troops. Word has been re-ceived from the War Department of Mexico contradicing this report and stating that there is no general of the name of Joaquin Ures in the Mexican Army, or connected in any way with the command above mentioned.

DISSATISFIED STOCK EXCHANGE MEN.

A few of the members of the Stock Exchange, who are dissatisfied because of the failure of the governors to convict Jules S. Bache of rate-cutting, held an in formal meeting yesterday afternoon, with the view of organizing such opposition to some of the out-going governors as to prevent their re-election at the annual meeting on May 8. W. C. Floyd-Jones and R. H. Thomas are understood to have voted for conviction, and H. J. Morse was absent from the conviction, and H. J. Morse was absent from the meeting wideh considered the case. There is no opposition to them. The governors to whom objection is made are W. H. Goadby, R. Limburger, H. K. McHarg, Robertson Rogers, S. T. Russell, S. Highman and S. J. Harriot. The meeting yesterday was not a large one. It was entirely informal, and no chairman was elected. After some talk some proposed a vote of confidence in the Nominating Committee, and it was carried unanimously. Noth

THE EDISON COMPANY SUES FOR INFRINGEMENTS Boston, March 13.-The Edison Electric Light Com-

How to Obtain a Fair Complexion by Natural Means.

The natural Carlsbad Sprudel Salt clears the complexion and purifies the blood. It is an excellent Aperient, Laxative, and Diuretic. It is pleasant to take and permanent in action. Each bottle comes in a light blue paper carton, and has the signature, "Eisner & Mendel-

THE READING REPORT.

CONDITION OF THE ROAD'S FINANCES.

A DEFICIT OF \$2,003,043 60 SHOWN BY THE RE-CEIVERS' STATEMENT.

Philadelphia, March 13 (Special) -The much-talked Primacephia, Marca 13 (special) and of report of the condition of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad was made public to-night by the receivers, Archibald A. McLeod, Edward M. Paxson and Elisha P. Wilbur. The statement will be filed in court to-morrow. It is signed by all of them and contains a complete account of the floating habilities and assets of the company, so far as the receivers

The total debt outstanding on February 20, 1893, was \$9,867,347 11, in addition to amounts due for coal purchases, rentals, supplies, wages, etc., bringing the total floating flabilities up to \$18,472,838 09. The total current assets in the way of coal and money due for coal, freight, etc., is put at \$15,779,-

784 49, leaving a deficiency of \$2,693,043 60.

The receivers gave for publication the following statement of the figures: Liabilities: Floating debt, Speyer & Co., \$3,000,

000 secured by the following collaterals: \$5,340,000 collateral trust bonds; \$200,000 Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg bonds; \$1,000,000 third preference income bonds.

The next item is the loan from the Pennsylvania and Philadelphia Warehouse Company, of \$3,000,000, secured by the following collateral: \$1,000,000 third preference income bonds; \$440,000 collateral trust bonds; \$25,000 general mortgage bonds; also

coal on hand and coal accounts. Bills payable, amounting to \$3,867,347 11, secured by the following collaterals: \$3,521,000 collateral trust bonds; \$16,000 general mortgage bonds; \$169,000 first preference income bonds; \$119,000 second preference income bonds; \$200,000 third preference income \$900,000 Palladelphia, Harrisburg and Pittburg Rallroad bands; \$000,000 Philadelphia, Newtown and New-York Railroad Company bonds; \$300,000 Tamaqua, Hazleton and Northern; \$100,000 Tamaqua Trust bonds; \$44,000 Coal !!iil Trust bonds; \$106,000 Ely and Richle bonds; \$200,000 Montaur Railway and Steamship Company; 1,424 shares Twelfth Street Mar-

The floating debt outstanding, February 20, 20,867,

In addition the statement shows as follows: Due for east purchases, \$1,476,156.50; due for material, supplies, royalties, etc., \$2,680,691.88; due connecting roads for freight and tells, car service, etc., \$751, 033 10; due for rental of leased lines, taxes, etc., \$1,055,248.91; due on unpaid coupons and interest.

Recapitulation-Total liabilities, \$18,472,828 09; of d assets, \$15,779,785 49. Excess of current lladittes over assets, \$2,003,043 co.

billies over assets, \$2,203,045-05.

some of the above amounts are approximated, but they will not vary greatly from the actual figures.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company is contingently flatte as indorser of noise of the Philadelphia, heading and New Eaghard Company for \$13,04,000, which are collaterally secured by \$640,000 dirst mortfage 5 per real bonds of the Philadelphia, fleading and New Eaghard Railroad Company, and also as indorser of the noises of the Mount Carmel and Natalle Railroad Company for \$13,500, which are collaterally secured by \$111,000 first mortgage bonds of the Mount Carmel and Natalle Railroad Company. In connection with 24,036 shares of Roston and Maine Railroad stock and 11,000 shares of New York and New England Railroad Company's stock, there were outstanding \$753,000 callateral trust bonds and \$1,344,900 third preference income bonds. If we is presonable ground to believe that these collaterals will ultimately revert to the company. It is stated modifically that if all the assets were converted into each they would provide for the liabilities and permit the returning to the company of \$10.00,000 collateral trust bonds; \$1,100,000 Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg bonds; \$2,000,000 (flird preference income bonds; \$41,000 general mortgage bands and \$1,848,000 other securities. some of the above amounts are approximated, but

It having been announced that an application was likely to be made to the court for the Issuance of recolvers' certificates in behalf of the holders of the notting debt of the Failadelphia and Reading Rail-cord, upon the invisation of a large number of band-holders and other persons interested in the securities of the road, a meeting was field in the interest of the road, a meeting was field in the interest of the office of the Mercanthe Trues company, at 1300 p.m., yes erlay, and the following were elected numbers of a committee to represent and protect this lass of securities; J. Elward Simmons, president of the Mercanthe Truest Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Securities of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Securities of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Securities of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Committee of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe Trust Company; J. C. K. Duer, of the Mercanthe T It having been announced that an application was Kissam, Whithey & Co.
The committee elected J. Edward Simmons chair-nan, and H. C. Demaing societies. The holders of his Issue of Reading bonds are requested to communi-cate with the Mergantile Trust Company or any mem-

SALE OF THE OREGON PACIFIC CONTINUED. Corvailis, Ore., March 13.-The sale of the Oregon acide Rallroad has been continued until June 28, The object of the continuance is to place the property

expected to-day. Mr. Hogg meanwhile is in possession at No. 45 William-st., and has two deputy club half way, and the settlement will be perfectly sati eriffs with him. The Bondholders' Committee fear that he will not vacate when the order comes, and that they are going to have trouble. They think he has the most haportant books locked up in the big safes in the office, to which he alone knows the com-firmation. The cregon Pacific bonds were originally placed at 102. They now sell at 6,

DR. PARKHURST TALKS TO YOUNG GERMANS. The Rev. Dr. Chades H. Parkhurst talked to the oung men of the German branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in the Association Hall, at No. 112 Second-ave., last night. He spoke about the work he wes doing in the city, and urged the young German men to interest themselves in the purifying of New-York, which, he said, was disty from top to bottom. Dr. Parkhurst compared himself to a hornet, that is always buzzing and agirating people. "It is the only way to accompilsh anything," he said. "Things will never become better by leaving them alone; we must stir up the people, and especially the people who govern the city, to better and nobler actions." He appelled to the voung men to become intrested in the City Vigilance League, a society which proposes to make the young men acquainted with the machinery of municipal government. "It is not to do detective work that we 142 Second-ave., last night. He spoke about the work men acquainted with the machinery of manager government. "It is not to do detective work that we want you to join this league," he sail, "but it is to make better citizens of you, and when we have better citizens then the city will improve. This city does not belong to Mayor Gilsoy, or to my friend the Superintendent of

outlidings, household goods, farm implements, etc., saving nothing but the clothing of himself and J. M. Nettrower, living ten miles north. was equally unfortunate. Three schoolhouses in the north and east portions of the county were also burned, and many farmers have lost hay and other

Pneumonia

instead of La Grippe, is raging this Spring. Other forms of inflammation also are prevalent. All are permitted by a low state of health. If the system were not run down by a hard Winter's work it could withstand or throw off inflammation. What is needed is a nourishment to overcome quickly the run down condition of the system.

- SCOTT'S EMULSION -

of COD-LIVER OIL, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, gives strength to ward off inflammation, and thus prevents coughs and colds and the beginning of lung diseases. Where inflammation has already set in SCOTT'S EMULSION soothes, and by feeding the blood it gives immediate relief and natural recovery—that is, it enables the system to cure itself. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

PREPARED BY SCOTT & BOWNE, N. Y. DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

evening in the northwest, east and south, and it is feared damage will still be done.

Plainville, Kan., March 13.-A prairie fire started yesterday in Rooks County and was driven by furious gale southen-t across Rooks into Ellis County. Nearly everything was swept away in the path of Nearly everything was swept away in the path of the fire, which was several miles wide. The town of Falco was burned, except three buildings, solvester scannel and Oscar Lillya, farmers near Ambry, were caught in the fire. The former's ciothing was burned entirely of and he will die. The latter will recover. The buildings of samuel Wise, a farmer, were burned with contents. The Bopra school-house, southwest of Finhville, was as burned. The fire ran southeast across Sailbe River and much damage was done to stock and buildings.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORTS.

DATES OF YALE'S BASEBALL GAMES. New-Haven, Conn., March 13 (Special).—The manage-ment of the Yaio baseball nine has completed the playing schedule of the team for the coming season. As given out onight, it is as follows:

March 30, with University of Pennsylvania at Phila

delphia; March 31, Washington A. C. at Washington April 1, University of Virginia at Richmond; April 3 University of Virginia at Charlottesville, Va.; April 4. \$544,352.50; unpaid wages of January, 1893, 8748, 1000; accrued wages of February, 1893, to date, \$1,359, 100; total, \$18,472,828.00.

The assets are given as follows: Approximate value of coal on hand, 1,107,830.22 tons at \$4.50 a ton, \$4,055,275.95; due by sundry parties for coal sold on thirty and sixty days, \$5,291,29.21; material on hand, \$1,033,442.69; due for freight and tolls, \$2,150,000; due by sundry parties on account of coal business, \$200,000; due by connecting roads, \$1,000,000; due by connecting roads, \$1,000 13. Holy Cross at Worcester, Mass.; May 15, Animers at New-Haven; May 20, Princeton at New-Haven; May 24, open; May 27, open; May 39, Brown University at Providence; June 3, Amherst at Amherst, Mass.; June 6, open; June 10, Princeton at Princeton; June 13, Uniopen; June 10, Princeton at Princeton; June 13, University V. M. at New-Haven; June 17, Princeton at New-York; June 22, Harvard at Cambridge; June 28, Harvard at New-Haven. The schedule includes twenty-seven games, of which only eleven will take place on the home grounds. It was the aim of the present management to arrange two games with clubs away from home to me in New-Haven. The third game with Harvard, if arranged, will take place on one of the dates given as one.

> DATES OF COLLEGE GAMES ARRANGED. Princeton, March 13 (Special).-To the surprise and

gratification of the undergraduates here, baseball dates with Harvard have finally been arranged. It looked for a long time as though there were no possibility of Harvard and Princeton meeting on the dismond this season, is area Princeton demanded that Harvard play under the now famous undergraduate rule, which Harvard refused to do. An anicable adjustment has finally been reached, however, though just what it is has not yet seen made public. The first game will be played in Princeton on May 6, and the second game at Cambridge on Decoration Day. May 30. In case of a tie a third game will be played, the date of which will be arranged later. which will be arranged later. SALE OF THE TROTTER ERMINE.

city, has sold to A. H. Moore, of Philadelphia, the black mare Ermine (2:134), by Plymouth dan Fan, by Huguely's Pilot. The price has not been made public, but is known to be more than #8,000. Ermine is seven years old, and is expected to trot much faster than he

Danville, Ky., March 13 .- A. B. Hutchings, of this

REVISING RULES OF TROTTING RACES. The committee appointed by the National Trotting, American Trotting, and Trotting Regiser associations mut at the FORA Avenue Hot I last night to revise the rules of trotting races, so that the rules of all the as

the orders of the Chenceller. He was corroborated by First Vice-Fresident Baller and documentary evidence. The case will be continued next Monday.

THE WEEK'S EASTFOUND FREIGHT SHIPMENTS.

Chicago, March 13.—Eastbound freight shipments last week were 13.000 fens, against 47.654 tons for the months of the months and the continued are supposed were outlined and are to be presented to be presented to the joint committee to-day at 10 o'clock for approximation of the meeting was taken up in forming a rule in regard to records and races against time. It is not likely that the Nadonal and the corresponding week last year. Of the week's traffic the Grand Trunk carried 9.061, the Life shore 9.921, the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne 5.482, and the Wabash 5.648 tons. The roads are now rapidly getting the better of the freight blockade, and expect that in a short time they will have things cleared up.

New-Orleans, March 13.—"Bob" Fitzsimmons has not yet received his purse (857,500) from the Crescent City Club, won by defeating Hall, but the officials of the organization are making arrangements for a satisfactory settlement with the puzilist. Fitzsimmons had a constitution of the puzilist of the president Noll made The object of the continuance is to place the property in the hands of an impartial receiver, and also for the purpose of obtaining time to send experts over the road to determine the value of an extension of the fine cast of the Cascade Mountains. Fifty thousand dolars has been placed in the hands of Blair & Co., of New-York, for the purpose of purtially discharging the claims of employes. The total back pay due them organized selvo, CO., The company is in arrears since April 1, 1892.

The attested order removing T. Egenton Hogg from the claims of the continuance is to place the property siven. The purpose of purtially discharging the claims of employes. The total back pay due have no desire to deny the truth of the statement. It is also true that the club has enemies and that they are doing what they can be affect our reputation and our credit. They would be pleased to know that we have failed. But you may say to the public that a satisfactory settlement with the puglists. Fitrsimmons had a contention of the club officials to-day. President Noil made the following statement to a representative of the United Press: "We have not yet paid the purse, but we shall do in sozion. The club is temporarily embarrissed. It is no secret that we have lost considerable money on the fights recently given. The putlic already knows that we have no desire to deny the truth of the statement with the club officials to-day. President Noil made the following statement to a representative of the United Press: "We have not yet paid the purse, but we shall do in sozion. The club is temporarily embarrissed. It is no secret that we have lost considerable money on the fights recently given. The putlic already knows that we have no desire to deny the truth of the statement with the club officials to-day. President Noil made the following statement to a representative of the United Press: "We have not yet paid the purse, but we follow the following statement to a represent to a represent serior. The attested order removing T. Egenton Hogz from the receivership of the read, and appointing Everest W. Hadley, of Corvallis, indebtedness of the club with be paid after a little time. re., in his stead, has not yet been received, but is Our friends are coming to our assistance and we shall be



personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others, and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the

form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste Garden City, Kan., March 13.—Widespread and destructive prairie fires have been raging in this a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the ayaveinity for the last two days. On Saturday Frank Gruner, living ten miles east of here last an of the control of the fruner, living ten miles east of here, lost all 64s permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them, and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists property. Yesterday a strong wind was blowing from the southwest, and late last night word reached here that the farm of Mr. Anderson, seven miles southeast of here, was swept hare by the flames and Anderson and his wife were so badly burned that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live that the husband soon died and his wife can live the husband s

PURE LINENS.



Towels, Towelings, Hand-kerchiefs and other articles supposed to be linen, but in reality half of cotton, are now very generally sold. In view of this, it is an interesting fact for purchasers that we care for purchasers that we care-fully exclude from our stock all cotton mixed and other un-reliable goods.

JAMES MCCUTCHEON & CO., THE LINEN STORE, 64 West 23d St.

Wilhelm&Graef BROADWAY & 26th ST. China, Glass and Pottery

years, and are the acknowledged standard of excellence Let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

factory to him, and he will lose nothing whatever for having fought before the Crescent City Club."

FUNERAL OF ANDREW P. PEABODY.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY SUSPENDS WORK IN RE-SPECT TO HIS MEMORY.

Boston, March 13 .- A gathering representative of the wide influence and varied activities of the life of Rev. Dr. Andrew Preston Peabody assembled at his funeral services, which were held in Appleton Chapel at Harvard University to-day. Over 1,000 persons were present, among them Governor Russell and many men prominent in literary, art, scientific, educational and social circles. All work in the different departments of the University was suspended during the circles. pended during the services. The pall learers were president Ellot, of Harvard; Professor H. W. Torrey, Class of '39; the Rev. Dr. George E. Ellis, '38; the Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, '30; Professor Josiah P. Cooke, '48; Augustus Lowell, '50; Pro-fessor William Watson Goodwin, '51; and Stephen Salisbury, '56. The eulogy was pronounced by Pro-fessor Francis G. Peaboay. The body was taken to Portsmouth, N. H., for burial.

A WEALTHY FARMER COMMITS SUICIDE. .

William Kniffen, sixty-five years old, an old and promi-ment resident of Katonah, N. Y., who was familiarly nent resident of Katonah, N. Y., who was familiarly known as the "mail coach p-oprietor" by people along that section of the Hartem Railroad, committed suicide yesterday afterneon at the home of Theodore Myers, near the Chappaqua Mountain Institute, by hangling himself in an outbuilding on Mr. Myers's place with a piece of clothesine. He had been staying at Myers's for four days, Mrs. Myers being his mother. She missed him year

terday afternoon, and found him hanging by the clother-line. A new leather notebook lay bestee him. In which the only words written were: "Good-by all, I have thought of taking this step for some time. My watch you will find at Goorge Briggs, at Mount Kisco." Knifen owned a stage and mail route between Katonah and Waccabuc, two miles from Katonah. He is said to have accumulated a fortune on his farm, which lies on the Croton Lake road, a mile cast of Katonah. The only cause that is known for Kniffen's suicide is domestic trubles. It is known that for some time past he has duffered with his wife, and dive days are he left home. At one time he was prespectus in Danbury, Conn., where he has a con in business. The Kniffens have always been highly regarded at Katonah, where they have lived for a generation, and have assisted in the formation of the First Presbyterian Church of that place, which they regularly

AN ILLINOIS LAWYER DROWNED.

Ottawa, Ill., March 13.-John H. Cartwright, a prominent lawyer and leading Prohibitionist, was drowned in the Illinois River this afternoon by the capsizing of a sailboat.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

ANOTHER COLD WAVE IN SIGHT IN THE NORTHWEST.

Washington, March 13.-The depression which was central in Iowa his moved castward to the upper lake region and is now central over southern Lake Michigan. The barometer has fallen in the region between the Mis-The barometer has fallen in the region between the Mississippi River and the Atlantic coast and has risen rapidly from the Mississippi River westward to the plateau regions and fallen on the Pactile Slope. The barometer is unusually high north of Montani, and a cold wave is moving southward over the eastern slope and has already extended over the Northwest as far southward as Missouri. The weather is generally cleur, except in the Northwest and upper loke region, where light shows are reported. The temperature has risen to the eastward of the Mississippi except along the Atlantic coast, where it has remained about stationary. It has fallen from 20 to 30 degrees over the States of the Missouri Valley. The indications are that the cold wave will extend over the central valley. Treeday, causing a fall of from 20 to 30 degrees in are that the coin wave will extend over the central wave leys Tuesday, causing a fail of from 20 to 30 degrees in temperature and will reach the Middle Atlantic coast by Wednesday morning.

Rivers-The Ohio is rising from Pittsburg to Parkersburg, falling at Cheinnati, and rising at Cairo, Tabulississppi is rising from St. Louis to Cairo; failing from Memphis to Helena, and is about stationary from Victorium to New-Orleans.

DETAILED FORE AST FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England, fair in the morning, rain or move during the evening or night; increasing easterly to southerly winds, and much cooler by Wednesday movining. For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennaylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Md., and Virginia, fair and warm during the day; local rains during the evening or night, and much colder by Wednesday morning; southerly winds, shifting to sterly For Western New York, snow or rain; colder Wednes-

day.

for Western Pennsylvania, fair, followed by rain; colder during the night.

For West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana, local rains, changing to snow; cold wave.

For Michigan and Wisconsin, snow; clearing in Wisconsin; colder.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS 1 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 8 9 10 11

In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The broken line represents the temperature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, March 14, 1 a. m.—Clear weather prevailed yesterday, with light northwesterly winds and dry nir. The temperature ranged between 41 and 52 degrees, the average (15m) being 17% higher than on the corresponding day last year and halower than on Sunday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be warner, generally fair weather, possibly followed by showers in the night.

The marvel of this marvellous age is the Emptre state Express of the New-York Central—a Syngluxury.